



PHILIPS

Invitation



iNTERACTIVE imaging, physiology and device therapies

Foundations staff course

January 28–29, 2019

Location:

Philips IGT Devices Offices

Ponto Training Room
3721 Valley Centre Drive, Suite 500
San Diego, CA 92130

Objectives:

- Improve your understanding of how physiology, IVUS and ELCA* laser use benefit patients during PCI and that angiography alone is not always discriminating enough
- Practice hands-on system workflow and analysis techniques for all highlighted technologies
- Develop confidence and competence in utilizing imaging, physiology and ELCA laser in a variety of cases
- Understand the benefits and utilization of ELCA laser and AngioSculpt for vessel prep and lesion treatment

Presenters:

- Philips IGT Devices Education Team
- **Jim Torey, PA-C**
Director of Intravascular Ultrasound
St. John Hospital & Medical Center, Detroit, MI

Target Audience:

- Cath Lab staff members including RNs, RCIS, RT, EMT or CRT directly involved with PCI and coronary angiographic procedures from labs with the ability to utilize Philips technology
- Attendees will be eligible to receive ASRT/AART accredited CEUs

Contact your Philips IGT Devices sales representative if you are interested in attending.

*The Excimer Laser Coronary Atherectomy Catheters (ELCA) are used in conjunction with the Spectranetics CVX-300® Excimer Laser System and are intended for use in patients with a variety of blockages in single or multivessel coronary artery disease. ELCA is usually used in conjunction with other therapies, such as balloon angioplasty or stenting. The use of ELCA may be unsafe in some patients or in treating certain types of blockages. The ELCA X-80 catheter should not be used in patients with weakened heart muscles (ejection fraction <30%) or in cases of acute heart attacks. Rarely a patient undergoing ELCA may require urgent surgical treatment for a complication; therefore, patients who are not candidates for coronary bypass graft surgery should not undergo treatment with ELCA. Ask your doctor if you are a candidate for ELCA.

Potential adverse events associated with procedures used to treat coronary artery disease may include: a tear, rupture, damage to the artery; a sudden, temporary or ongoing re-closure of the treated artery; blood clot or obstruction of the artery by plaque debris. Other complications may occur.

Rare but serious potential adverse events include: the need for urgent additional procedures or surgery due to bleeding, vascular damage, loss of blood flow or other complications; and irregular heartbeat, heart attack or death.

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

